

ALBANIAN LANGUAGE OVER THE YEARS

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Abstract. *As we know, in today's Albanian language, the English influence is felt, especially in the 90s of last century following. Unification is a process of mutual awareness of the totality of social values, historical, cultural and linguistic. Social changes have led the life-changing vocabulary of Albanian language, bringing an unprecedented enrichment of vocabulary with new words and expressions, words tend to go toward existing passive vocabulary. He performed in conditions where the potential value not only remain, but return to the active part of every individual. Imported English words rushing, especially in computing, in journalism, etc. thus, every language has a vocabulary peculiar to certain historical time and is difficult to understand words that are not reflected in the dictionary. Communication is not achieved simply by the word of funds under certain rules, but their combination in accordance with the disclosure of reality, according to the intention of the speakers in the circumstances of communication. This paper is part of the literature that used related to vocabulary. This work is served by using "The Albanian language Dictionary" 2006, issue of the Albanian language, philological studies, etc. also, it is explored what changes are in Albanian language over the years.*

Keywords: Innovation, Globalization, Social development, etc.

1 Introduction

The object of this study is related to a very important problem, with a range of issues which is related to the Albanian language today and its future.

Language of every community is an important asset of social tradition, inherited from generation to generation. Dictionaries of any language are the mirror of that property, because they provide a lexicon-semantic system of a standard based on a linguistic dialect. Explanatory dictionaries, aiming to give the system lexicon, have complied two main principles: selection and standardization. Language is the standard language variety in which its members agree to communicate. However, enrichment of a language is a continuous process, and thus has no interruption even destinations, as well as language and extralinguistic factors are moving uninterrupted.

But it often happened to hear words that do not belong to the Albanian language. In fact, every language dictionary is under pressure of time, the subjects of realize, the goals of which are realized, the recognition of linguistic matter, the degree of recognition in general to specific phenomena, etc.

But the question arises whether it is necessary to be represented by Albanian source of foreign words with certain functions. We believe that, whatever the criticism to be made everywhere, such a need has been and remains for a long time.

2 Literature Review

We found the standard of what proportion of Albanian language nowadays has borrowed entirety units.

Linguistic borrowings are related to the needs of social community arise in different stages of its development. Developments and changes in the content of the vocabulary are generally reflected in accordance with the scientific requirements of the time, therefore, in accordance with the level of achievement of science.

Standard Albanian language needs to be constantly enriched. This makes it demographic and political diversity where the albanians are, but being careful to these foreign workers.

Enrichment is the manifestation of language development and derives precisely from the country's Comprehensive development through economic development, education, science and culture, and literature. To fulfill their requirements for Albanian word terms, that did not have before, to meet the cultural needs of all people, Albanian language has had and will always have to add its expressive tools, words and new meanings, better screening to all its richness.

Enrichment of target language is the process in law, in which the operating participate every day different layers of people, starting with ordinary people, artists, writers, specialists in the production of science. The more of them develop, the more need for new designations production for words, phrases or break the ways that they respond best, strictly with the terms of ideas, to express the life force of the plotter and human spiritual world.

Therefore linguistic planning in today's Albanian society must express regulation, linguistic breeding, reflect the interest of the company for the development, processing and furthering our national language to achieve its objectives as a mean of agreement between people. It should be recognized better life in all its manifestations, thus giving the essence of the notion, what is typical, characteristic for that distinguishes or merges it with other notions.

Since the spelling of Congress have passed full four decades, although in this language is less, however it should be noted that many changes have occurred conditioned by social and cultural factors. This has made the standard albanian to move forward, to evolve, to become rich. This is also in Albanian Language Dictionary in 2006, which provided a clear picture of treasure in our time. In an open society politically and economically, such as the Albanian society today, feels the pressure of the languages of the countries politically and economically powerful that we touch.

We are given many vocabulary words used today in Albanian language and was not found in previous explanatory albanian dictionaries. His corps today reflects movements in the Albanian vocabulary, including new words and meanings, the necessary loans, to flow through a selective and semantic lexicon of the last twenty years.

Albanian language should be avoided foreign element that it is unnecessary and not its wealth, while the Albanian language is the vehicle, with the clear and expressive. Tools they need to find you still do not know, to bring value to the literary language that popular language has preserved over the centuries. But this does not exclude other options necessary for the purposes of the narrow, specific.

This is the real subject of new works of artistic or scientific literature, the daily press, etc. Linguistic forms that were included in the normative treaties earned "citizenship" and other forms or included in them, not having the right of free competition, they were closed themselves, returned to archaize, and was disbarred the specification and bounds beyond the scope of use. The inclusion or not of a word in the corpus is scientifically motivated by its real value, according to current linguistic practice, devoid of any regional or ideological bias.

Relatively small number of borrowings in Albanian language shows that the Albanian resistance to borrowings, the trend to replace them with the words of their native, its application to maintain homogeneous character of the system, etc. have been strong. Here should be mentioned the conscious efforts of linguists and people to exploit these opportunities trend.

How much to develop in science and technology, the more need for new designations production for word, phrase or break the ways that they respond best ideas concepts that express the life force plotter human and spiritual world.

Deciding the fate of any particular question, but it is necessary to study the situation better lexical different layers, vitality of different categories of words, productivity and their development trends, in order to clearly define specific forms of perfection of the language of our people. It is known that the words of each language and indicates a life of words, changes in terms of their use, can be understood only if you studied within this system.

3 Proposed Methodology

But the sustainability of the borrowings in Albanian language does not mean that all of them have occupied the place once and for all in. They remain always words of foreign origin such as those stored in Albanian unless their use is beneficial, since its removal or replacement is impossible or useless, since it can damage the clear expression of the relevant concepts. Replacement of their own words is appropriate and helps to make the language clean, to make science and its language understandable and more accessible.

Avoiding unnecessary foreign words makes the national literary language homogeneous, clear and understandable. This requires a good knowledge screening of the subject, weighted maturity of attitudes in order to become associated with cleaning the genuine enrichment, without prejudice expressive ability.

But it is avoided foreign element that is not seen as real and it is unnecessary, since albanian language is a tool of its own, clear and expressive, which completely replaces the foreign element of Albanian property. So the speakers begin to react with awareness of self, by introducing the working memory required for common use within the albanian language to their respective. For this you should find these tools still do not know, to bring value to literary language that popular language has preserved over the centuries and that has created it creates during its replication. Only when it becomes impossible to replace, then accept to use. But this does not exclude other options necessary for the purposes of the narrow, specific allegation to the whims of a trend or an author. In this sense albanian is open, because it is not exempted.

Literary language changes mainly fix issues that help perfection of language, and the coating having its mission to reflect more explicitly the complete success of the work of human thought, because only human language itself would be the inseparable traveler of human being.

Further enrichment of Albanian words of its pulp and especially cleaning the Albanian language from unnecessary foreign words, which have flooded today, seems to be hereafter in the center of our attention.

Among the literary language and linguistic policy of the country has a close connection, as language is the fundamental feature of each and every community with faithful reflection of its most important legacy of social tradition.

So an important role should play the state, which should organize and lead, through its specialized institutions, and I think that it will be the introduction of Albanian in high school. Therefore should not only suffice findings with observations, but they thought the proposals to be put in, in order to celebrate the standard language in such a level that it fulfill to meet the needs not only of society Albania today, but also the perspective.

4 Conclusions

What would be the significance of such work?

We believe that the Albanian language is a language open to certain forms.

It is also necessary to attempt to become the standard enriched with new linguistic elements nationwide, representing a much wider linguistic areal, to be completed, specifying the form of generalized joint Albanian territory, adding that they are just removing the elements that have not embraced today's Albanian language.

Language is a means of communication for the whole society, and the only unique in all the times and ages, regardless of economic and social transformations.

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