

ALBANIAN HEALTH INSURANCE IN CONTEXT OF HUMAN RIGHTS

Fjoralba Memia

European University of Tirana, Albania
E.mail: fmemia@hotmail.com

Abstract

The principle of legality in relation to human rights means that the law provides for and sanctions in its provisions and fundamental rights that a society has agreed to known individuals. This, in essence, means that the law will not only recognize and legitimize human rights and fundamental freedoms, but also specify and sanction their discourse boundaries. Albanian health insurance is one of the most important actors of the social state and its main principle is the financing of health care on the basis of recognized principles of solidarity, equity and social justice. In farther sense, health insurance is a positive right of the individual who has made health insurance a legal right and a legal rate guaranteed by the state, whose foundation is the individual's right to benefit health care. The right to health care is a fundamental right of the individual and the health care system works based on the efficiency and quality of service, ensuring patient safety and fairness. This work aims to make an assessment of the Albanian health insurance in relation to the rights and freedoms enshrined in national and international legal instruments offering concrete suggestions to improve and guarantee the rights to a health insurance system that provides and guarantees equal opportunities for everyone, based on the principle of non-discrimination, to ensure the highest possible level of health care.

Keywords: *health insurance, human rights, health care*